

Probability Worksheet

Day 3

Rules

For each of these problem, please use notation that we have adopted in class, i.e., events A or B , probabilities $P(A)$, expressions $P(A|B)$ or $P(A \text{ or } B)$, etc., in addition to solving them numerically.

Sum of Conditional Probabilities

We have from class that the sum of conditional probabilities is equal to 1, i.e.,

$$1 = P(A|B) + P(A^C|B)$$

Using the various identities that we have covered this week, manipulate the sum of conditional probabilities above to show that

$$P(B) = P(B|A) \times P(A) + P(B|A^C) \times P(A^C)$$

Bayes Theorem

Jose visits campus every Thursday evening. However, some days the parking garage is full, often due to college events. There are academic events on 35% of evenings, sporting events on 20% of evenings, and no events on 45% of evenings. When there is an academic event, the garage fills up about 25% of the time, and it fills up 70% of evenings with sporting events. On evenings when there are no events, it only fills up about 5% of the time.

Question 1 If Jose comes to campus and finds the garage is full, what is the probability that there is a sporting event?

Question 2 Using the information provided, verify that the probability that there is an academic event, given that the garage is full, is equal to 0.35.

Question 3 Using results from the previous problems, what is the probability that there is no event, given that the lot is full?

Question 4 A genetic test is used to determine if people have a predisposition for thrombosis, which is the formation of a blood clot inside a blood vessel that obstructs the flow of blood through the circulatory system. It is believed that 3% of people actually have this predisposition. The genetic test is 99% accurate if a person actually has the predisposition, meaning that the probability of a positive test result when a person actually has the predisposition is 0.99. The test is 98% accurate if a person does not have the predisposition. What is the probability that a randomly selected person who tests positive for the predisposition by the test actually has the predisposition?